

2019 年福建省高等职业教育入学考试第二次质量检查

英语试卷

学校 _____ 班级 _____ 姓名 _____ 成绩 _____

(面向中职考生)

第一部分 基础知识 (共三节, 满分 40 分)

第一节 单词辨音 (共 5 小题, 每小题 1 分, 满分 5 分)

从下列各题的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个划线部分的读音与其它三个选项中划线部分读音不同的选项, 并在答题卡上将相应的选项涂黑。

1. A. park B. quarter C. March D. large
2. A. fish B. give C. rice D. sister
3. A. over B. color C. Monday D. other
4. A. stopped B. laughed C. loved D. washed
5. A. material B. reality C. realize D. theatre

词汇 (共 15 小题, 每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

根据要求从下列各题的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将相应的选项涂黑。

(选出一个与句子括号中的中文意思相一致的选项)

6. My mother does nearly all the _____ (家务) .
A. housework B. housewife C. household
7. She is a _____ (服务员) of Yueguang Restaurant.
A. wait B. waiter C. waitress
8. Mr. Smith likes coffee _____ (不加糖)
A. with sugar B. without milk C. without sugar
9. She _____ (过去常常) go to bed late .
A. used to B. was used to C. got used to
10. _____ (老实说), I don' t like the blue shirt .
A. Frank speaking B. Frankly speak C. Frankly speaking
(选出一个与句子划线部分意思相近的选项)
11. --- May I use your bike?
--- Certainly. But it must be given back tomorrow morning.
A. received B. brought back C. returned
12. Peter asked me to have dinner with him on Saturday.
A. invited B. said C. spoke
13. The peasants offer fresh vegetables for people in the city every day.
A. prepare B. cook C. provide

14. Tom finally made up his mind to have another try.
A. demanded B. managed C. decided
15. Mr. Turner agreed with what Tom had said at the meeting.
A. listened to B. made friends with C. said yes to
(选出一个适合填入空白处的最佳选项)
16. Please keep the windows _____ during the break between the two classes.
A. open B. to open C. opened
17. _____ Chinese, we also have to study English, mathematics and physics.
A. Beside B. Except C. Besides
18. The doctor didn't tell how many _____ I should pay.
A. money B. dollar C. dollars
19. Speak louder so that you can make yourself _____.
A. hear B. hearing C. heard
20. ---Shall we go for a picnic in the park this Saturday?
---Oh, that _____ good.
A. feels B. sounds C. tastes

第三节 语法知识 (共 20 小题, 每小题 1 分, 满分 20 分)

从下列各题的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将相应的选项涂黑。

21. There are many _____ in that hospital.
A. woman doctors B. women doctor C. women doctors
22. I hear you are in _____ hospital. What's wrong with you?
A. a B. / C. the
23. Ann's work was _____.
A. as well as our's B. as better as ours C. as good as ours
24. Meimei and I are in _____ school. _____ of us like singing very much.
A. same; Both B. the same; All C. the same; Both
25. My father usually _____ rest after supper.
A. have a little B. has a few C. has a little
26. Mother told me to be careful when I got _____ or _____ the bus.
A. on; off B. out; into C. onto; out of
27. The sun is 93 _____ away from the earth.
A. million miles B. millions miles C. millions mile
28. You _____ disturb her. She needs a rest.
A. have better not B. have better not to C. had better not
29. _____ you _____ the text yet? Yes, we _____ it two hours ago.
A. Have; read; did B. Have; read; have C. Did; read; did
30. Rice _____ at the right time.
A. is harvested B. will harvest C. must harvest
31. It _____ a student five hours _____ his lessons every day.
A. took; finish B. takes; to finish C. takes; finish
32. We sometimes heard _____ songs in English.
A. him sing B. that he sings C. him to sing

33. _____ good news he gave us!
A. How B. What a C. What
34. The coat was _____ expensive _____ he could not buy it.
A. too; to B. either; or C. so; that
35. _____ I accept the gift or refuse it is none of your business.
A. If B. Whether C. Even if
36. He _____ to bed _____ he finished his homework last night.
A. didn't go; until B. didn't go; after C. went; until
37. _____ water the most common liquid in the world but it is also the most important.
A. Not only B. If only C. Not only is
38. I've never seen _____ film as this.
A. so a touching B. so touching a C. a so touching
39. ----When did you _____?
---- We _____ the park at about 7:20.
A. arrive; arrived B. reach; arrived at C. arrive; got to
40. ---- He seldom has lunch at school, _____?
---- _____.
A. does he; No, he doesn't B. does he; No, he hasn't C. has he; Yes, he has

第二部分 情景交际（共两节，满分 20 分）

第一节 简短对话（共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，满分 10 分）

从下列各题的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个最佳选项完成对话，并在答题卡上将相应的选项涂黑。

41. Speaker A: "You are late again, Mary."
Speaker B: _____.
A. Yes, I am B. Excuse me C. Sorry
42. Speaker A: Hello, I have some good news for you.
Speaker B: _____.
A. Hello, what are they? B. Really? What is it? C. Hello, what are you saying?
43. Speaker A: Excuse me, can you show me the way to the railway station?
Speaker B: _____.
A. No, I can't. B. I don't know the way, either. C. Sorry, I'm a stranger here myself.
44. Speaker A: Doctor, I have a serious headache.
Speaker B: _____. Take some medicine and you will be better soon.
A. That's all right B. Sorry to hear that C. Take it easy
45. Speaker A: _____?
Speaker B: I'd like to buy a pair of shoes
A. What do you want to buy B. What do you come for C. What can I do for you
46. Speaker A: _____?
Speaker B: She wants to be a secretary.
A. What can Lily do B. Can Lily use the computer C. What position does Lily apply for
47. Speaker A: Do you mind my using your new bicycle?
Speaker B: _____.

A. Yes, please do B. No, I do C. No, do as you like

48. Speaker A: I'm going to Beijing tomorrow. My plane leaves at 8:30 tomorrow morning.

Speaker B: _____

A. Is that so? B. How wonderful! C. Have a good trip.

49. Speaker A: _____.

Speaker B: Thanks, I certainly will.

A. Please give my best wishes to your parents B. How are you? C. Happy New Year

50. Speaker A: If you have any trouble, be sure to call me.

Speaker B: _____.

A. I have no trouble B. I am sorry to hear that C. I will. Thank you very much

第二节 补全对话 (共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

用方框内所给的 A、B、C、D、E 五个句子按照适当的顺序填入空白处, 补全对话, 并在答题卡上将相应的选项涂黑。

Dialogue 1

Lucy : (51) _____

Jane : Pretty good. I went to Hangzhou with my parents. We visited many interesting places. (52) _____ How about you?

Lucy : I didn't go anywhere. (53) _____

Jane : (54) _____

Lucy : Thanks. I hope I can go to Hangzhou some day!

Jane : (55) _____

Lucy : You are right. I think I will.

- A. How was your holiday?
- B. Wow, you're always helpful.
- C. We enjoyed ourselves there.
- D. I think you can talk about it with your parents.
- E. I did my homework and helped my mom clean the rooms at home.

Dialogue 2

Doctor: Good morning Mr. Jones. What is wrong with you?

Andrew: Morning. (56) _____

Doctor: Let me take your temperature. (57) _____

Andrew: For a day.

Doctor: Yes, your temperature is very high. You have the flu. (58) _____ Drink lots of water.

Andrew: (59) _____

Doctor: I can give you something to lower your temperature but you need to have a good rest. (60) _____ and you can get the medicine from the pharmacy (药房) .

Andrew: Ok, thank you.

- A. Here is the prescription(处方)
- B. Can you give me some medicine?
- C. How long have you felt this way?
- D. I am coughing and sneezing all the time.
- E. You should go home and stay in bed until it gets better.

第三部分 综合能力（共三节，满分 40 分）

第一节 阅读理解（共 20 小题，每小题 1 分，满分 20 分）

阅读下面 4 篇短文，根据短文内容判断句子正误，或者根据短文内容从每题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个最佳选项，并在答题卡上将相应的选项涂黑。

Passage 1

Mike is a small boy, and he hates soap and water. Three or four times every day his mother says to him, "Mike, your hands are very dirty again. Go and wash them." But Mike never really washes them at all. He only puts his hands in the water for a few seconds and then takes them out.

Mike's uncle and aunt live in another city. One day they come to stay with Mike's parents, and they bring their small son, Ted, with them. Ted is a year younger than Mike, and he doesn't like soap and water, either.

The boys sit with their parents for a few minutes, but then they go outside. When they are alone, Mike looks at Ted's hands and then says proudly, "My hands are dirtier than yours!"

"Of course they are," Ted answers angrily, "You are a year older than I am."

Decide whether the statements are true (T) or false (F) according to the above text. 句子正确请把选项 A 涂黑，句子错误请把选项 B 涂黑。

61. Ted and Mike are sisters.
62. Mother always asks Mike to wash his hands.
63. Mike's uncle and aunt lives in another city.
64. Mike's hands are dirtier than Ted's.
65. Both Ted and Mike like soap and water.

Passage 2

Kung fu artist Wu Jing both starred in and directed (导演) the action movie Wolf Warrior II. It has earned about 5.7 billion yuan since July 27, setting a record for domestic (国内) movies at the box office.

The film is about a rescue (救援) operation in Africa, led by former special forces soldier Leng Feng - played by Wu Jing. Leng Feng helps Chinese workers and local Africans run away from a war-torn and plague-ravaged (瘟疫) country. The film also describes how the Chinese government protects overseas Chinese citizens. Just as the message at the end of the film reads: "Citizens of the People's Republic of China. When you are in danger in a foreign land, do not give up! Please remember, at your back stands a strong motherland."

"Wolf Warrior II should be seen as a brave effort to promote (促进) Chinese values around the world," Zhu Ping wrote in China Daily.

Decide whether the statements are true (T) or false (F) according to the above text. 句子正确请把选项 A 涂黑，句子错误请把选项 B 涂黑。

66. Wu Jing plays the role of a former special forces soldier in Wolf Warrior II.
 67. The film is about a rescue operation in Africa and China.
 68. The film describes how Leng Feng helps Chinese workers and local Africans.
 69. Everyone can get help from their motherland when they are in danger in a foreign land.
 70. Wolf Warrior II may promote Chinese values around the world.

Passage 3

Shanghai is a nice city. The weather here is mild, that is, it is neither too hot nor too cold. It changes from season to season. Now many tall buildings have been set up one after another. But at the same time, the city is full of people. As a result, the traffic is terrible. Traffic jams happen during the rush hours. If you want to go to a place far away, the fastest way is neither driving, nor riding a bike. It is often walking! The policemen in Shanghai are very helpful. Visitors can turn for help if they lose their way or lose something. But when you disobey traffic rules, they will be very strict with you. A lot of people in Shanghai speak English. Travelers from English speaking countries feel at home here. You are welcome to Shanghai.

71. The weather in Shanghai is _____.
 A. mild B. hot C. cold
72. The traffic in Shanghai is terrible because the city is _____.
 A. full of many buildings B. full of people C. full of bikes
73. Sometimes the fastest way to a place far away is to go _____.
 A. by taxi B. by bike C. on foot
74. The policemen in Shanghai are always ready to _____.
 A. disobey B. work C. help
75. English speaking people can often _____ people in the streets in Shanghai.
 A. listen to B. talk to C. ask

Passage 4

We are all busy talking about and using the Internet, but how many of us know the history of the Internet?

Many people are surprised when they find that the Internet was set up in the 1960s. At that time, computers were large and expensive. Computer Networks didn't work well. If one computer in the network broke down, the whole network stopped. So a new network system had to be set up. It should be good enough to be used by many different computers. If part of the network was not working, information could be sent through another part. In this way computer network system would keep on working all the time.

At first the Internet was only used by the government, but in the early 1970s universities, hospitals and banks were allowed to use it, too. However, computers were still very expensive and the Internet was difficult to use. By the start of the 1990s, computers became cheaper and easier to use. Scientists had also developed software that made "surfing" the Internet more convenient.

Today it is easy to get online and it is said that millions of people use the Internet every day. Sending e-mails is more and more popular among students. The Internet has now become one of the most important parts of people's life.

76. The Internet has a history of more than _____ years.
 A. sixty B. ten C. fifty
77. A new network system was set up to _____.
 A. make computers cheaper B. make itself keep on working all the time C. break the whole network

78. At first the Internet was only used by .
A. the government B. universities C. hospitals and banks
79. _____ made “surfing” the Internet more convenient.
A. Computers B. Systems C. Software
80. Which of the following is TRUE?
A. In the 1960s, computer networks worked well.
B. In the early 1970s, the Internet was easy to use.
C. Sending e-mails is now more popular among students than before.

第二节 英汉翻译（共 5 小题，每小题 2 分，满分 10 分）

请阅读下列 A、B、C、D、E 五个段落，并将各段落中的划线句子翻译成汉语。A

There is one language. It is in use in every country in the world. It's sign language. (81)When we want to tell other people what we want to say, we can do it with the help of words or of signs. Sometimes we move our heads up and down when we want to say “yes”, and move our heads from side to side when we want to say “no”.

B

Blood type O is the most common around the world. Blood type A is the second most common, and type AB is the least common. Doctors try to give blood to a person according to the person's blood type. (82)Blood type O can be given to a person with any other blood type, but doctors prefer to match a patient's blood type if they can. Doctors also need to make sure that the “Rh factor” in patients' blood matches the blood they are given. If people have one kind of protein in their blood, they are Rh positive (Rh +). If people do not have the protein, they are Rh negative (Rh-). Most people are Rh+.

C

(83)Some scientists are studying ways of bringing the ocean's huge supply of water to the deserts of the world. Others hope to control the weather by learning more about the exchange of heat and moisture between the ocean and the air. Others are studying the ways in which sound travels and is affected by water and heat. What happens when sea water touches different elements is another subject of study. These are just a few of the questions to which oceanographers are devoting their energies.

D

Steps for Solving Problems. These five steps may help you to solve some of your own personal problems.

1. Decide whether or not a real problem exists.
2. Face the problem.
3. Seek the cause. Exactly what has caused the difficulty?
4. (84)Decide on a goal or course of action. What steps can you take to overcome the problem?
5. Begin working at once to carry out the plan for solving the problem.

E

As we all know, the air is not as fresh as it was before, especially in the big cities. Factories, cars and planes are making the air dirty. (85)In the morning you can see the dark smoke as clouds floating over the houses. Sometimes it makes it difficult for people to breathe. Now even those who are not scientists have begun to pay attention to air. We realize that air does not contain the same things that it contained years ago. Dust and waste

gases from car engines, planes and factories have been adding to it. It is time to learn how to protect the air, the roof over the people on the earth.

第三节 应用写作（满分 10 分）

阅读下面的信件，根据信件内容完成后面的备忘录。

From: Nicola [nico@yahoo.com]

To: Michael [mike@gmail.com]

Subject: Welcome to my party!

Hi, Michael,

I would like to invite you to my party at 6:30 pm next Friday at my home.

At the party, we can sing songs, tell stories and play cards. I also want to invite some other friends to the party. You can bring a deck of playing cards if you have some. Hope you can come and join us.

Regards,

Nicola

Memo

Date:	_____
Time:	_____
Place:	_____
Activities:	_____
Things to bring:	_____